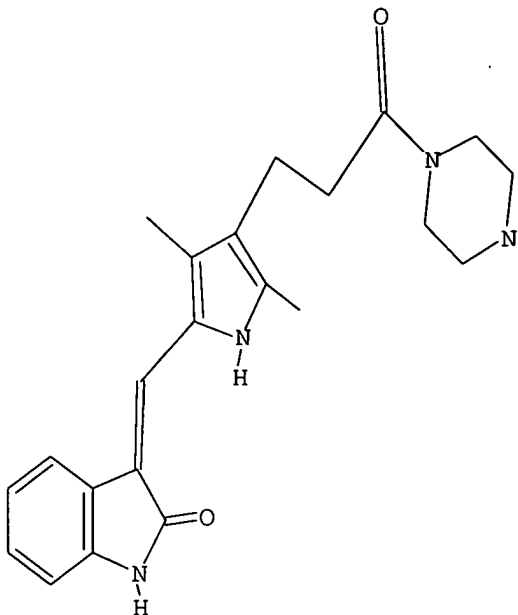


>
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L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d
L1 HAS NO ANSWERS
L1 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1 full
FULL SEARCH INITIATED 11:06:24 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1506 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 1506 ITERATIONS 19 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L2 19 SEA SSS FUL L1

=>
Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10691094a.str

L3 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> s l3 sub=l2 full
FULL SUBSET SEARCH INITIATED 11:09:54 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SUBSET SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 19 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 19 ITERATIONS 16 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L5 16 SEA SUB=L2 SSS FUL L3

file caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
FULL ESTIMATED COST

| SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
|------------|---------|
| ENTRY | SESSION |
| 206.56 | 207.40 |

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:10:17 ON 04 FEB 2005
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 4 Feb 2005 VOL 142 ISS 6
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 2 Feb 2005 (20050202/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 15

L6 5 L5

=> d 16 1-5 ibib abs hitstr

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:143270 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:197593

TITLE: PDGFR α oncokinase fusion protein associated with hyperproliferative disease and as imatinib mesylate target in EOL-1 cell

INVENTOR(S): Briesewitz, Roger; Griffin, John H.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Theravance, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 95 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2004015082 | A2 | 20040219 | WO 2003-US24992 | 20030808 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | | |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| US 2004045044 | A1 | 20040304 | US 2003-637356 | 20030808 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2002-402330P | P 20020809 |
| | | | US 2003-440491P | P 20030116 |

AB Oncokinase fusion protein associated with hyperproliferative disorders are provided. The fusion polypeptides have a C-terminal tyrosine kinase domain fused to an N-terminal domain that is not normally fused to the

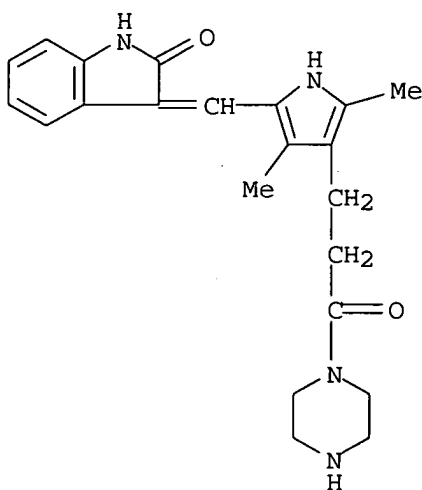
C-terminal tyrosine kinase domain and they possess constitutively activated tyrosine kinase activity. The invention provides sequence of protein NM_030917 fused with platelet-derived growth factor receptor α from human. The invention also identified deletion of 1 megabase fuses NM_030917 and exon 12 of PDGFR α on human chromosome 4. Also provided are methods of diagnosing disease conditions associated with the fusion polypeptides. In addition, screening assays for identifying agents useful for treating disease conditions associated with such fusion polypeptides and polynucleotides are provided. Furthermore, methods of treating disease conditions associated with the presence of the fusion polypeptides are provided.

IT 560071-94-5, THRX-165724

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(reducing activity of fusion protein by; PDGFR α oncokine fusion protein associated with hyperproliferative disease and as imatinib mesylate target in EOL-1 cell)

RN 560071-94-5 CAPLUS

CN Piperazine, 1-[3-[5-[(1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-3H-indol-3-ylidene)methyl]-2,4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-3-yl]-1-oxopropyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:551511 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:101028

TITLE: Preparation of pyrrolylmethyleneindolones as protein kinase inhibitors and antitumor agents

INVENTOR(S): Griffin, John H.; Briesewitz, Roger; Wray, Jonathan W.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Theravance, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|--|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2003057690 | A1 | 20030717 | WO 2002-US41252 | 20021220 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, | | | | |

SAME

UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2003171378 A1 20030911 US 2002-327385 20021220
US 6686362 B2 20040203
EP 1458713 A1 20040922 EP 2002-796035 20021220
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK

BR 2002015360 A 20041214 BR 2002-15360 20021220
US 2004198804 A1 20041007 US 2003-691094 20031022

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
US 2001-343746P P 20011227
US 2001-343813P P 20011227
US 2002-327385 A3 20021220
WO 2002-US41252 W 20021220

GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

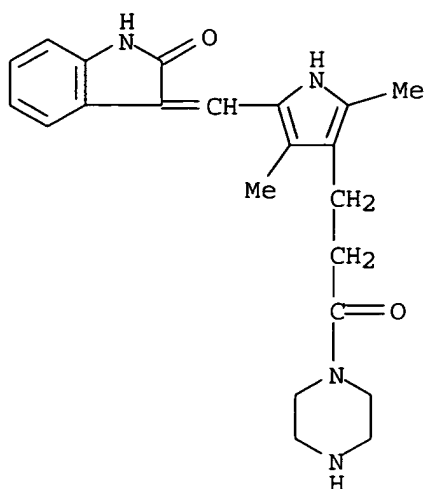
AB Title compds. I [wherein R1 = H, alkyl; R2 = -A1-NR5R6; R5, R6 = independently H, alkyl; A1 = (CH2)m, (CH2)n-A2-(CH2)p, (CH2CH2O)qCH2CH2; m = 2-10; n, p = 1-6; A2 = CH=CH, phenylene, biphenylene, cyclohexylene, piperazinylene; q = 1-3; or NR1R2 = morpholinyl, (un)substituted azirinyl, azetidiny, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, azepinyl, azacrown ethers, etc.; R3, R4 = H, halo, alkyl, alkoxy, un(substituted) Ph, SO2NH2 or alkyl/aryl derivs., certain acylamino; and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts] were prepared as receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitors useful in the treatment of proliferative disorders, such as cancer. For example, compound II•(F3CCO2H)x was prepared from 3,5-dimethyl-2,4-pyrrole dicarboxylic acid di-Et ester in 11 steps via condensation with malonic acid, condensation with oxindole, amidation with mono-Boc piperazine and Boc deprotection using TFA. I exhibit an IC50 values of < 10 µM for inhibition of Flt-3, VEGFR and PDGFR tyrosinase kinases. II inhibited mutant Flt-3 tyrosinase kinase with EC50 = 0.24 µM.

IT **560071-95-6P**
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(preparation of pyrrolylmethylenedihydroindolones as protein kinase inhibitors and antitumor agents)

RN 560071-95-6 CAPLUS
CN Piperazine, 1-[3-[5-[(1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-3H-indol-3-ylidene)methyl]-2,4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-3-yl]-1-oxopropyl]-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

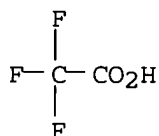
CRN 560071-94-5
CMF C22 H26 N4 O2



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

CMF C2 H F3 O2



IT **560072-55-1P**

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(tyrosine kinase inhibitor; preparation of pyrrolylmethylenedihydroindolones as protein kinase inhibitors and antitumor agents)

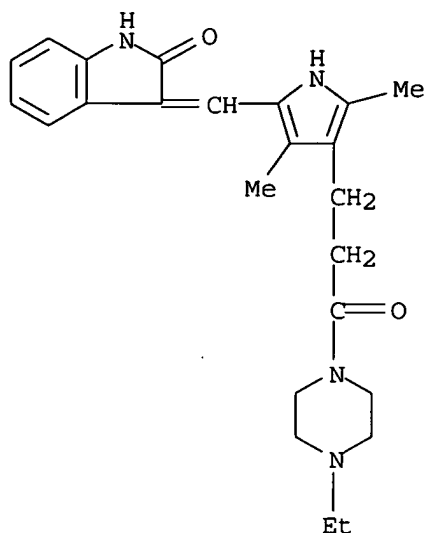
RN 560072-55-1 CAPLUS

CN Piperazine, 1-[3-[5-[(1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-3H-indol-3-ylidene)methyl]-2,4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-3-yl]-1-oxopropyl]-4-ethyl-, trifluoroacetate (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 560072-54-0

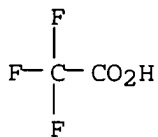
CMF C24 H30 N4 O2



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

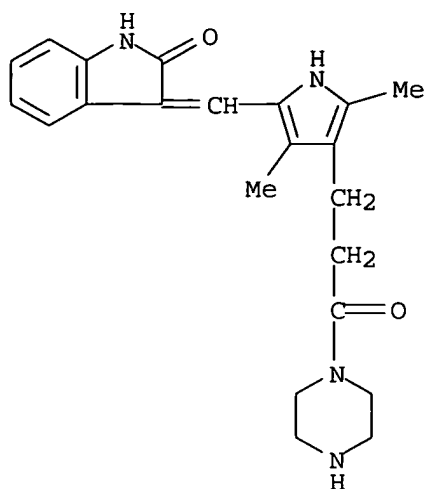
CMF C2 H F3 O2



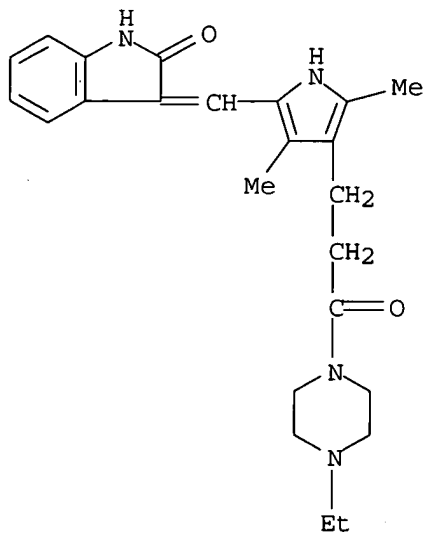
IT **560071-94-5P**, 3-[3,5-Dimethyl-4-(3-oxo-3-piperazin-1-ylpropyl)-1H-pyrrol-2-ylmethylene]-1,3-dihydroindol-2-one
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (tyrosine kinase inhibitor; preparation of pyrrolylmethylenedihydroindolones as protein kinase inhibitors and antitumor agents)

RN 560071-94-5 CAPLUS

CN Piperazine, 1-[3-[5-[(1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-3H-indol-3-ylidene)methyl]-2,4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-3-yl]-1-oxopropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT **560072-54-0P**, 3-[3,5-Dimethyl-4-[3-oxo-3-(4-ethyl)piperazin-1-ylpropyl]-1H-pyrrol-2-ylmethylene]-1,3-dihydroindol-2-one
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (tyrosine kinase inhibitor; preparation of pyrrolylmethylenedihydroindolones as protein kinase inhibitors and antitumor agents)
 RN 560072-54-0 CAPLUS
 CN Piperazine, 1-[3-[5-[(1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-3H-indol-3-ylidene)methyl]-2,4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-3-yl]-1-oxopropyl]-4-ethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:521932 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:147708
 TITLE: Discovery of a fusion kinase in EOL-1 cells and idiopathic hypereosinophilic syndrome
 AUTHOR(S): Griffin, John H.; Leung, Joey; Bruner, Rebecca J.; Caligiuri, Michael A.; Briesewitz, Roger
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Theravance, Inc., South San Francisco, CA, 94080, USA

date

SOURCE: Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (2003), 100(13), 7830-7835
CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424
PUBLISHER: National Academy of Sciences
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

AB Idiopathic hypereosinophilic syndrome (HES) is a myeloproliferative disease of unknown etiol. Recently, it has been reported that imatinib mesylate (Gleevec), an inhibitor of Bcr-Abl kinase useful in the treatment of chronic myeloid leukemia, is also effective in treating HES; however, the mol. target of imatinib in HES is unknown. This report identifies a genetic rearrangement in the eosinophilic cell line EOL-1 that results in the expression of a fusion protein comprising an N-terminal region encoded by a gene of unknown function with the GenBank accession number NM_030917 and a C-terminal region derived from the intracellular domain of the platelet-derived growth factor receptor α (PDGFR α). The fusion gene was also detected in blood cells from two patients with HES. The authors propose naming NM 030917 Rhe for Rearranged in hypereosinophilia. Rhe-PDGFR α fusions result from an apparent interstitial deletion that links Rhe to exon 12 of PDGFR α on chromosome 4q12. The fusion kinase Rhe-PDGFR α is constitutively phosphorylated and supports IL-3-independent growth when expressed in BaF3 cells. Proliferation and viability of EOL-1 and BaF3 cells expressing Rhe-PDGFR α are ablated by the PDGFR α inhibitors imatinib, vatalanib, and THRX-165724.

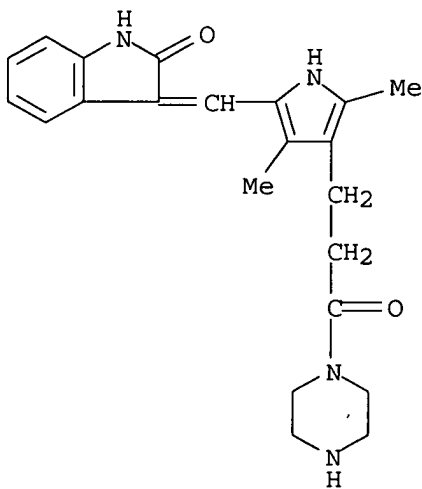
IT 560071-94-5P, THRX 165724

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(discovery of fusion kinase in EOL-1 cells and idiopathic hypereosinophilic syndrome in relation to proliferation/viability ablation by)

RN 560071-94-5 CAPLUS

CN Piperazine, 1-[3-[5-[(1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-3H-indol-3-ylidene)methyl]-2,4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-3-yl]-1-oxopropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:927188 CAPLUS

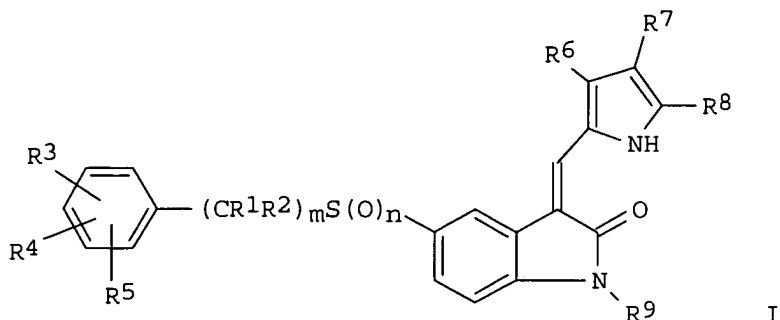
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:14005

TITLE: Preparation of 5-aralkylsulfonyl-3-(pyrrol-2-

ylmethyldiene)-2-indolinone derivatives as kinase inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Cui, Jingrong; Ramphal, Yudhi; Liang, Congxin; Sun, Li; Wei, Chung Chen; Tang, Peng Cho
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 479 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|------------------|------------|
| WO 2002096361 | A2 | 20021205 | WO 2002-US16841 | 20020530 |
| WO 2002096361 | A3 | 20030313 | | |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | | | |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| US 2003125370 | A1 | 20030703 | US 2002-157007 | 20020530 |
| US 6599902 | B2 | 20030729 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2001-294544P | P 20010530 |
| | | | US 2001-328408P | P 20011010 |
| OTHER SOURCE(S): | | | MARPAT 138:14005 | |
| GI | | | | |



AB The present invention relates to certain 5-arylalkylsulfonyl-3-(pyrrol-2-ylmethyldiene)-2-indolinone derivs. (shown as I; see below for variable definitions; e.g. 2,4-dimethyl-5-(2-oxo-5-phenylmethanesulfonyl-1,2-dihydroindol-(3Z)-ylidenemethyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid (2-diethylaminoethyl)amide) that inhibit kinases (no data), in particular met kinase. Pharmaceutical compns. comprising these compds., methods of treating diseases mediated by kinases using pharmaceutical compns. comprising these compds., and methods of preparing them are also disclosed. In I: n = 0-2; m = 1-3; R1 and R2 = H or alkyl; R3, R4, and R5 = H, halo, alkyl, cycloalkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkoxy, cyano, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, nitro, aryl, aryloxy, heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, -(alkylene)-CONR10R11, -CONR10R11, or -NR10R11 (R10 is H or alkyl, and R11 is aryl, heteroaryl, heterocycle, aminoalkyl,

alkylaminoalkyl, dialkylaminoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, acetylalkyl, cyanoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, heteroaralkyl, aralkyl, or heterocyclylalkyl wherein the alkyl chain in aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, dialkylaminoalkyl, aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, or heterocyclylalkyl is optionally substituted with one or two hydroxy, or R10 and R11 together with the N atom to which they are attached combine to form saturated or unsatd. heterocycloamino). R6 is H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, dialkylaminoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, carboxy, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, aminoalkylcarbonyl, alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl, dialkylaminoalkylcarbonyl, -CONR10R11 or -(alkylene)-CONR10R11. R7 and R8 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, -COR12, -(alkylene)-COR12 (R12 = alkoxy, hydroxy, or heterocycle, alkylamino, dialkylamino), -SO2R14, -CONR13R14, or -(alkylene)-CONR13R14 (R13 is H or alkyl, and R14 is aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, dialkylaminoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, acetylalkyl, cyanoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, heteroaralkyl, or heterocyclylalkyl wherein the alkyl chain in aminoalkyl, heteroaralkyl, heteroaralkyl, or heterocyclylalkyl is optionally substituted with one or two hydroxy group(s), or when R13 and R14 are attached to a N atom R13 and R14 together with the N atom to which they are attached form saturated or unsatd. heterocycloamino). R6 and R7 or R7 and R8 can combine to form a saturated or unsatd. 5 to 8 membered ring; and R9 is: H or alkyl; -PO(OR15)2 where each R15 = H or alkyl; -COR16 where R16 is H or alkyl; or -CHR17NR18R19 where R17 is H or alkyl, and R18 and R19 = H or alkyl or R18 and R19 together with the N atom to which they are attached form heterocycloamino. Although the methods of preparation are not claimed, 375 example preps. of I plus addnl. preps. of intermediates are included.

IT 477577-36-9P, 5-(2,6-Dichlorophenylmethanesulfonyl)-3-[1-[3,5-dimethyl-4-[3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl]-1H-pyrrol-2-yl]meth-(Z)-ylidene]-1,3-dihydroindol-2-one 477577-37-0P, 5-(2,6-Dichlorophenylmethanesulfonyl)-3-[1-[4-[3-((3R,5S)-3,5-dimethylpiperazin-1-yl)-3-oxopropyl]-3,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl]meth-(Z)-ylidene]-1,3-dihydroindol-2-one

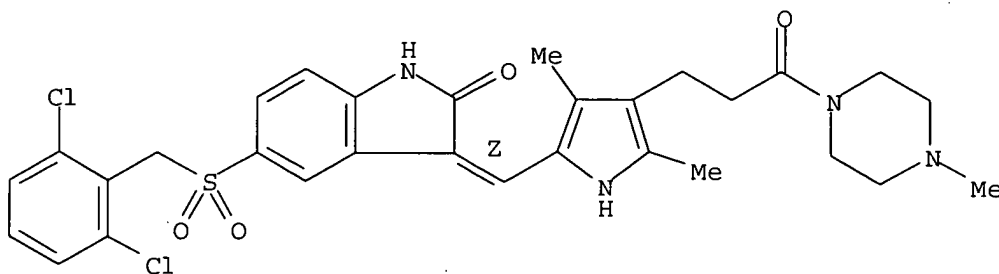
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(drug candidate; preparation of aralkylsulfonyl- and pyrrolylmethylidene-substituted indolinones as kinase inhibitors useful against cancers and other disorders)

RN 477577-36-9 CAPLUS

CN Piperazine, 1-[3-[5-[(Z)-[5-[[[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)methyl]sulfonyl]-1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-3H-indol-3-ylidene]methyl]-2,4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-3-yl]-1-oxopropyl]-4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

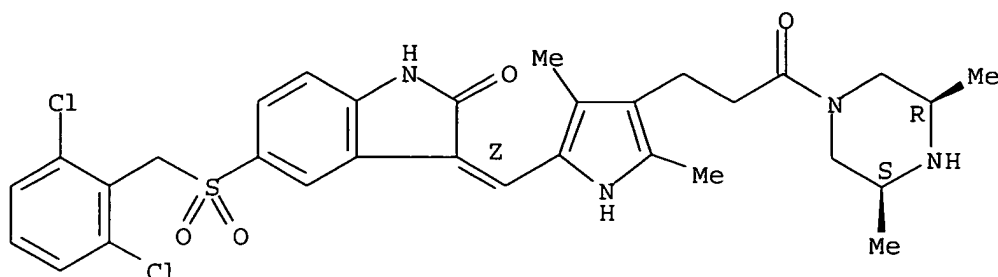
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 477577-37-0 CAPLUS

CN Piperazine, 1-[3-[5-[(Z)-[5-[[[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)methyl]sulfonyl]-1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-3H-indol-3-ylidene]methyl]-2,4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-3-yl]-1-oxopropyl]-3,5-dimethyl-, (3R,5S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



L6 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:539677 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:109202

TITLE: Preparation of 4-aryl substituted indolinones as protein kinase signal transduction modulators for inhibiting abnormal cell proliferation

INVENTOR(S): Cui, Jingrong; Zhang, Ruofei; Shen, Hong; Chu, Ji Yu; Zhang, Fang-Jie; Koenig, Marcel; Do, Steven Huy; Li, Xiaoyuan; Wei, Chung Chen; Tang, Peng Cho

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 560 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| WO 2002055517 | A2 | 20020718 | WO 2001-US48564 | 20011220 |
| WO 2002055517 | A3 | 20020926 | | |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | | | |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| CA 2432114 | AA | 20020718 | CA 2001-2432114 | 20011220 |
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| US 6677368 | B2 | 20040113 | | |
| EP 1349852 | A2 | 20031008 | EP 2001-997065 | 20011220 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR | | | | |
| JP 2004518669 | T2 | 20040624 | JP 2002-556186 | 20011220 |
| US 2004157909 | A1 | 20040812 | US 2003-736243 | 20031216 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | | |
| | | | US 2000-256479P | P 20001220 |
| | | | US 2001-23488 | A3 20011220 |
| | | | WO 2001-US48564 | W 20011220 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:109202

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* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB Title compds. I [R1 = (un)substituted aryl or heteroaryl; R2 = H, halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heterocyclyl, etc.; R3 = (un)substituted pyrrole or cycloalkenylpyrrole], as well as pharmaceutical compns. thereof, are prepared and disclosed as compds. capable of modulating protein kinase signal transduction in order to regulate, modulate and/or inhibit abnormal cell proliferation. Thus II, was prepared via condensation of 4-phenyl-1,3-dihydroindol-2-one with 5-formyl-2-methyl-4-[3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid Et ester. I were evaluated against eight specific kinases, e.g., FGFR1, for which I possessed IC50 values (μ M) of 0.0091-2.07. The present invention also relates to methods for treating protein kinase related disorders.

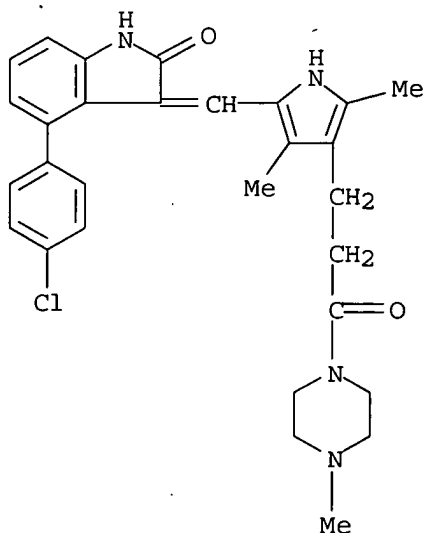
IT 442559-24-2P 442559-76-4P 442559-77-5P
442559-78-6P 442560-55-6P 442560-56-7P
442562-39-2P 442562-40-5P 442562-57-4P
442562-58-5P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(target compound; preparation of (aryl)(pyrrolylmethylene)indolinones as protein kinase signal transduction modulators)

RN 442559-24-2 CAPLUS

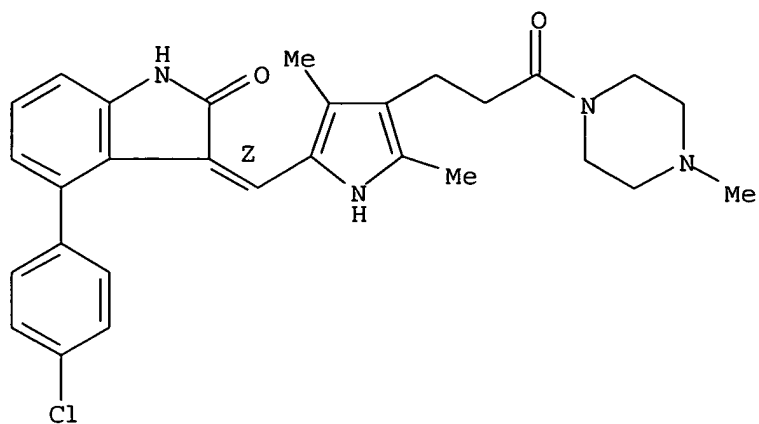
CN Piperazine, 1-[3-[5-[4-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-3H-indol-3-ylidene)methyl]-2,4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-3-yl]-1-oxopropyl]-4-methyl- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 442559-76-4 CAPLUS

CN Piperazine, 1-[3-[5-[(Z)-[4-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-3H-indol-3-ylidene)methyl]-2,4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-3-yl]-1-oxopropyl]-4-methyl- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

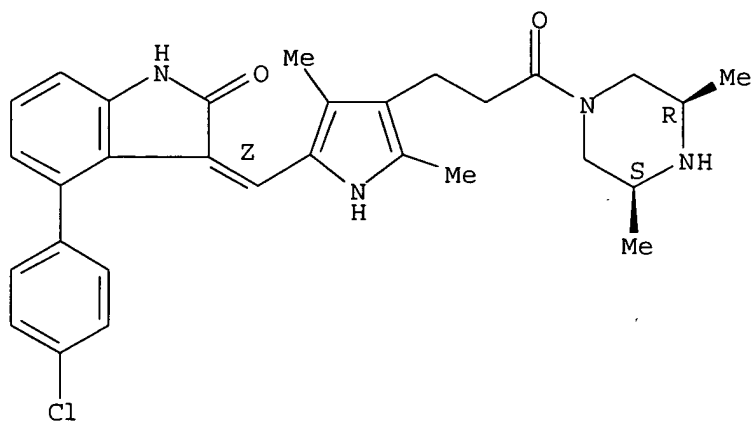
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 442559-77-5 CAPLUS

CN Piperazine, 1-[3-[5-[(Z)-[4-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-3H-indol-3-ylidene]methyl]-2,4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-3-yl]-1-oxopropyl]-3,5-dimethyl-, (3R,5S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 442559-78-6 CAPLUS

CN Piperazine, 1-[3-[5-[(Z)-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-3H-indol-3-ylidene]methyl]-2,4-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-3-yl]-1-oxopropyl]-4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

=> E GRIFFIN JOHN H/AU 25

| | | |
|-----|---------|----------------------------------|
| E1 | 1 | GRIFFIN JOHN FRANCIS THOMAS/AU |
| E2 | 1 | GRIFFIN JOHN G/AU |
| E3 | 337 --> | GRIFFIN JOHN H/AU |
| E4 | 1 | GRIFFIN JOHN HAMPTON/AU |
| E5 | 35 | GRIFFIN JOHN J/AU |
| E6 | 5 | GRIFFIN JOHN L/AU |
| E7 | 3 | GRIFFIN JOHN M/AU |
| E8 | 1 | GRIFFIN JOHN M M/AU |
| E9 | 1 | GRIFFIN JOHN MARVIN/AU |
| E10 | 1 | GRIFFIN JOHN MICHAEL/AU |
| E11 | 18 | GRIFFIN JOHN P/AU |
| E12 | 3 | GRIFFIN JOHN PATRICK/AU |
| E13 | 1 | GRIFFIN JOHN PETER/AU |
| E14 | 9 | GRIFFIN JOHN R/AU |
| E15 | 3 | GRIFFIN JOHN R JR/AU |
| E16 | 6 | GRIFFIN JOHN ROBERT/AU |
| E17 | 1 | GRIFFIN JOHN S/AU |
| E18 | 1 | GRIFFIN JOHN V/AU |
| E19 | 86 | GRIFFIN JOHN W/AU |
| E20 | 2 | GRIFFIN JONATHAN/AU |
| E21 | 4 | GRIFFIN JONATHAN L W/AU |
| E22 | 3 | GRIFFIN JONATHAN LUKE WILLIAM/AU |
| E23 | 1 | GRIFFIN JOSEPH/AU |
| E24 | 2 | GRIFFIN JOSEPH C/AU |
| E25 | 1 | GRIFFIN JOSEPH C III/AU |

=> S (E3 OR E4) AND (TYROSINE)

337 "GRIFFIN JOHN H"/AU
1 "GRIFFIN JOHN HAMPTON"/AU
138623 TYROSINE
2437 TYROSINES
139113 TYROSINE

(TYROSINE OR TYROSINES)

L7 12 ("GRIFFIN JOHN H"/AU OR "GRIFFIN JOHN HAMPTON"/AU) AND (TYROSINE)

=> s l7 and proliferative

36222 PROLIFERATIVE
7 PROLIFERATIVES
36225 PROLIFERATIVE
(PROLIFERATIVE OR PROLIFERATIVES)

L8 2 L7 AND PROLIFERATIVE

=> s l7 and prolif?

211190 PROLIF?

L9 2 L7 AND PROLIF?

=> d l9 1-2 ibib abs hitstr

L9 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:143270 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:197593

TITLE: PDGFR α oncokinas fusion protein associated with
hyperproliferative disease and as imatinib mesylate
target in EOL-1 cell

INVENTOR(S): Briesewitz, Roger; **Griffin, John H.**

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Theravance, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 95 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|---|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2004015082 | A2 | 20040219 | WO 2003-US24992 | 20030808 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| US 2004045044 | A1 | 20040304 | US 2003-637356 | 20030808 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2002-402330P | P 20020809 |
| | | | US 2003-440491P | P 20030116 |
| AB Oncokine fusion protein associated with hyperproliferative disorders are provided. The fusion polypeptides have a C-terminal tyrosine kinase domain fused to an N-terminal domain that is not normally fused to the C-terminal tyrosine kinase domain and they possess constitutively activated tyrosine kinase activity. The invention provides sequence of protein NM_030917 fused with platelet-derived growth factor receptor α from human. The invention also identified deletion of 1 megabase fuses NM_030917 and exon 12 of PDGFR α on human chromosome 4. Also provided are methods of diagnosing disease conditions associated with the fusion polypeptides. In addition, screening assays for identifying agents useful for treating disease conditions associated with such fusion polypeptides and polynucleotides are provided. Furthermore, methods of treating disease conditions associated with the presence of the fusion polypeptides are provided. | | | | |
| L9 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN | | | | |
| ACCESSION NUMBER: | | 2003:551511 CAPLUS | | |
| DOCUMENT NUMBER: | | 139:101028 | | |
| TITLE: | | Preparation of pyrrolylmethyleneindolones as protein kinase inhibitors and antitumor agents | | |
| INVENTOR(S): | | Griffin, John H.; Briesewitz, Roger; Wray, Jonathan W. | | |
| PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): | | Theravance, Inc., USA | | |
| SOURCE: | | PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp. | | |
| | | CODEN: PIXXD2 | | |
| DOCUMENT TYPE: | | Patent | | |
| LANGUAGE: | | English | | |
| FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: | | 1 | | |
| PATENT INFORMATION: | | | | |

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
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| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK | | | | |
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| US 2004198804 | A1 | 20041007 | US 2003-691094 | 20031022 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2001-343746P | P 20011227 |
| | | | US 2001-343813P | P 20011227 |
| | | | US 2002-327385 | A3 20021220 |
| | | | WO 2002-US41252 | W 20021220 |

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* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB Title compds. I [wherein R1 = H, alkyl; R2 = -A1-NR5R6; R5, R6 = independently H, alkyl; A1 = (CH2)m, (CH2)n-A2-(CH2)p, (CH2CH2O)qCH2CH2; m = 2-10; n, p = 1-6; A2 = CH=CH, phenylene, biphenylene, cyclohexylene, piperazinylene; q = 1-3; or NR1R2 = morpholinyl, (un)substituted aziriny, azetidiny, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, azepinyl, azacrown ethers, etc.; R3, R4 = H, halo, alkyl, alkoxy, un(substituted) Ph, SO2NH2 or alkyl/aryl derivs., certain acylamino; and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts] were prepared as receptor **tyrosine** kinase inhibitors useful in the treatment of **proliferative** disorders, such as cancer. For example, compound II•(F3CCO2H)x was prepared from 3,5-dimethyl-2,4-pyrrole dicarboxylic acid di-Et ester in 11 steps via condensation with malonic acid, condensation with oxindole, amidation with mono-Boc piperazine and Boc deprotection using TFA. I exhibit an IC50 values of < 10 µM for inhibition of Flt-3, VEGFR and PDGFR tyrosinase kinases. II inhibited mutant Flt-3 tyrosinase kinase with EC50 = 0.24 µM.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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